

Expanding providers and task sharing

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Task shifting- goal

- Lead to better or maintained level of care quality
- Should not lead to a lower quality of care

What is a midlevel provider?



- More than anybody- not lay workers
- Not physicians
- Physiotherapist
- Nurse
- Midwife



Specialty training for mid-level providers

International words include: Midlevel provider, clinical officer, physician assistant etc...

Midlevel providers-Reproductive health care



- Obstetric care
 - → Emergency cesarians sections performed by midlevel proviers has been shown to be safe and effective³



Recent Cochrane report





Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews

Doctors or mid-level providers for abortion (Review)

Barnard S, Kim C, Park MH, Ngo TD

Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2015 Jul 27;(7):CD011242.

doi:10.1002/14651858.CD011242.pub2.

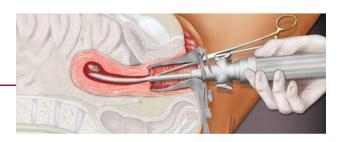
Midlevel providers for MVA



- 1160 women participated in South Africa 1734 in Vietnam.
- up to 12 weeks gestation
- randomized to a doctor or a mid-level provider
 - → followed-up 10–14 days later.
 - → The primary outcome was complication of abortion.
- Complication in SA rates were
 - → 1.4% (eight of 576) for mid-level providers and
 - \rightarrow 0% for doctors (difference 1.4, 95% CI 0.4 to 2.7)
- In Vietnam, rates were 1.2% for both
- No significant differences could be determined



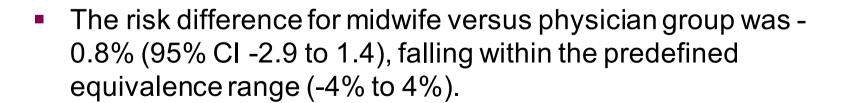
 Previous non-randomized studies have been performed in high resource settings



Post abortion care in a low resource setting

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- District level in Uganda
- Randomized- the PP population
 - → 472 in midwife group and
 - → 483 in physician group
- complete abortion
 - → 95.8% of women in the midwife group
 - \rightarrow 96.7% in the physician group.





Medical abortion care in a low resource setting

- five rural district hospitals in Nepal.
- less than 9 weeks (63 days) and resided less than 90 min away
 - → 514randomized to a doctor
 - → 518 to a midlevel provider included in primary endpoint.

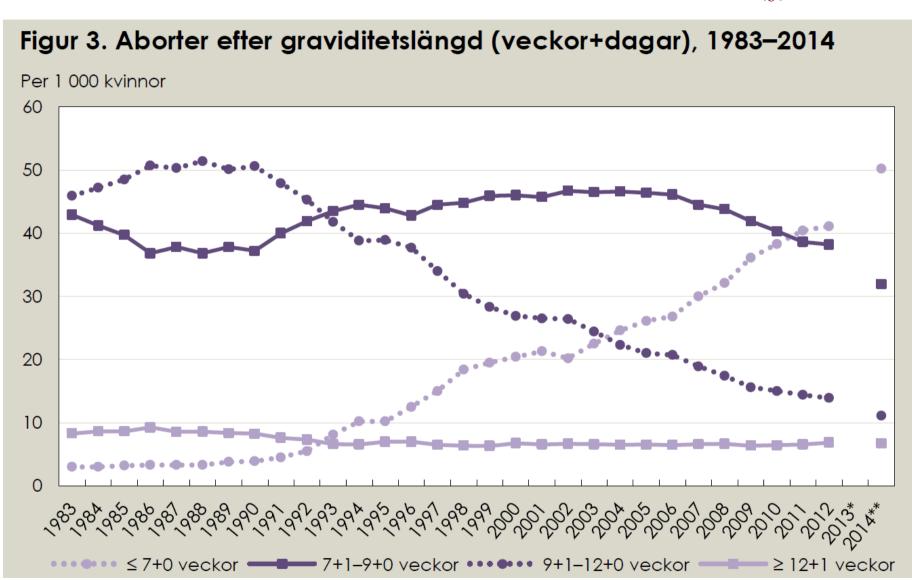
Success

- → 97.3% in midlevel providers group
- \rightarrow 96.1% in physician group.
- The risk difference for complete abortion was 1.24% (95% CI 0.53 to 3.02) (within the predefined equivalence range of -5% to



Abortion at different gestational ages

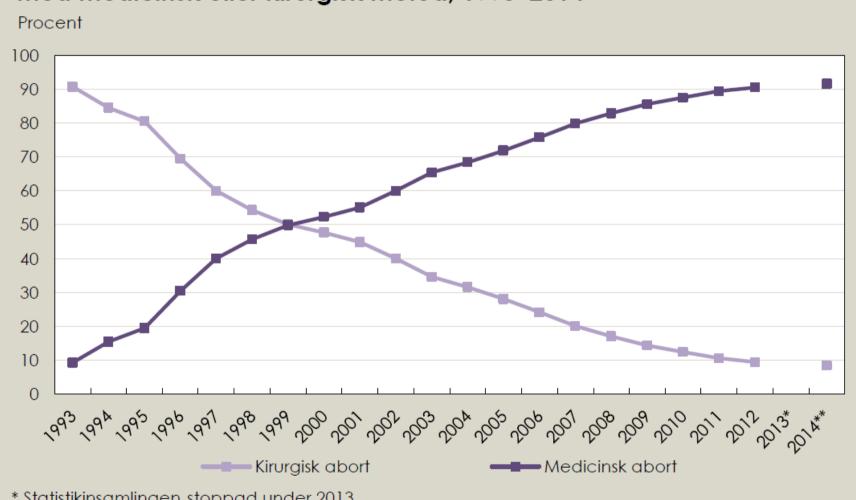




Surgical abortion before 9 weeks







^{*} Statistikinsamlingen stoppad under 2013

Källa: Socialstyrelsens abortstatistik

^{**} Ny metod för statistikinsamling från 2014



Hypothesis

- Nurse midwives can perform
 - → counceling,
 - → Exam, inlcuding vaginal ultrasound
 - → Provide the abortion information and the drugs
 - → And the follow up
- For early medical abortion as effectively and safely as physicians in a high resource setting
- In addition,
 - → acceptability will be high and
 - → it will be cost effective



Secondary objectives

- Acceptability of nurse midwife provision of abortion
- Investigate prescription patterns of contraception
- Analyze the cost effectiveness of midwife provision of abortions

We performed a study

Nurse midwives with long experience in abortion care



- Specifically designed education in ultrasound in early pregnancy
 - → Theory
 - → practice
- 50 ultrasounds performed with physician present
- 50 ultrasounds confirmed by physician

Mandatory physician consult by midwife

- No visible intra-uterine pregnancy
 - → No training in adnexal pathology
- Duplex pregnancy
 - → Requires risk/benefit analysis in case of ambivalence
- Missed abortion
 - → Higher failure rates with treatment
- Visually abnormal adnexa
- Bakterial vaginosis
 - → No prescription rights for this condition



Guidelines for midwives

- No requirement for visible fetus
- Delay of abortion should NOT be considered
- If the US findings are in concordance with LMP the abortion is performed

If the physician does not find any signs of ectopic pregnancy the abortion is performed with s-hcg on day of mifepristone and one week after-

GS
CRL
BPD
HC
AC
FL
EFH
AFI
Key In
FBP
Others
Result
Advanc
GS
GA

There is NO delay of the abortion!



DOI: 10.1111/1471-0528.12982 Fertility control

www.bjog.org

The efficacy, safety and acceptability of medical termination of pregnancy provided by standard care by doctors or by nurse-midwives: a randomised controlled equivalence trial

H Kopp Kallner,^{a,b} R Gomperts,^{a,c} E Salomonsson,^a M Johansson,^a L Marions,^a K Gemzell-Danielsson^a

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Results from the study

1180 kvinnor randomized

But

- 481 in the midwife group
- 457 in the physician group

available for final analysis

Mostly due to change of mind regarding method (chose surgical abortion- no difference between groups)



Analysis of effectiveness and safety

Outcome measure	Allocated to nurse midwife (%)	Allocated to physician (%)	Total (%)
Efficacy	476/481	445/457	923/940
	(99)	(97.4)	(98.2)
Safety	453/473	414/443	867/916
	(95.8)	(93.5)	(94.7)

No significant differences between groups

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Acceptability

Would prefer	Allocated to Nurse midwife (N=534)	Allocated to Physician (N=533)	p-value
Nurse midwife	200	108	
Läkare	5	12	<0.001
Indifferent	271	320	
Missing answer	58	93	

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Perscription of post abortion contraception



- Nurse midwives prescribed long acting reversible contraceptives (LARCs= implants, IUC) for
 - → 290/532 women
- Physicians for
 - → 241/528 women
- p=0.004









Cost effectiveness

- The model took into account:
 - → the cost of midwives and physicians (based on salaries, payroll tax, and time spent with the patients),
 - → usage of surgery rooms,
 - → consultation time for second opinion with a physician or senior physician,
 - → cost of the treated women's time, and
 - → Initial training of participating nurse midwives

The results show that nurse midwife provision of early medical abortion is cost effective.





How to implement a national program

- Guidlines for nurse midwives in abortion care
- National training program
- Guidelines for clinics
- Maintain physician training in abortion care and provision

Requirements for nurse midwife provision of early medical abortion



- National society for Obstetricians and Gynecologists in Sweden
 Svensk förening för obstetrik & GYNEKOLO
- Only to be performed by certified nurse midwives
 - → Completed course in theoretical and practical ultrasound
 - → Several years of work in abortion care
- Requirement for clinic
 - → Nurse midwife to have no less than 300 patients per year
 - → Only healthy women should be treated by midwives
 - → Training clinics should be able to offer physician adequate training in abortion care
 - → A physician should be available for IMMEDIATE! Consultation (without the woman having to put on clothes and wait...)

The course



- 3 day course
- Lectures on
 - → ultrasound safety
 - → Technical issues such as frequency and penetration, focus points, zoom boxes etc
- Workshop
 - → Ultrasound
 - → Get to know the machine
- Practical training
 - → Dolls
 - → Professional patients
 - → Real patients





To become certified

- Passed exam!
- 50 ultrasounds documented and performed with physician
- 50 ultrasound pictures and patients sent in for external evaluation
- Certificate is issued!



In conclusion

Provision of abortion by midlevel providers is:

- Effective
- Safe
- Highly acceptable

Also in a high resourse settings

